CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2852

Chapter 134, Laws of 2016

64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

ELECTION DATA AND REPORTING--STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/9/2016

Passed by the House February 12, 2016 CERTIFICATE Yeas 93 Nays 2 I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the FRANK CHOPP State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is Speaker of the House of Representatives ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL **2852** as passed by House of Representatives and the Senate on Passed by the Senate March 1, 2016 the dates hereon set forth. Yeas 47 Nays 1 BARBARA BAKER BRAD OWEN Chief Clerk President of the Senate Approved March 31, 2016 4:32 PM FILED April 1, 2016

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2852

Passed Legislature - 2016 Regular Session

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

By House State Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Hudgins, S. Hunt, and Stanford)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/16.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to establishing standards for election data and
- 2 reporting; amending RCW 29A.60.160; and adding new sections to
- 3 chapter 29A.60 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 29A.60 6 RCW to read as follows:
- 7 (1) The secretary of state must develop statewide election data
- 8 and reporting standards for how election-related data is maintained
- 9 and reported by each county auditor. The secretary may make
- 10 reasonable rules as necessary to develop statewide standards.
- 11 (2) The statewide standards should focus on the goals of 12 improving:
- 13 (a) The types of data files and procedures used to collect and 14 maintain election information;
- 15 (b) The public's access to election data collected, reported, and 16 made available by each county auditor including, but not limited to:
- 17 (i) Records of voters who were issued a ballot and voters who 18 voted in an election, pursuant to RCW 29A.40.130;
- 19 (ii) Tabulation results made available pursuant to RCW 20 29A.60.160; and

- 1 (iii) Information collected and reported in the county election reconciliation report, pursuant to RCW 29A.60.235; and 2
- (c) The efficient compilation of data from all counties for 3 research and analysis of election practices and trends at a statewide 4 level.

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- 6 (3) The secretary of state may convene a work group, including 7 county auditors and other interested stakeholders to evaluate how county election data is collected and maintained and to develop and 8 9 recommend ways for improving election data reporting.
- (4) The statewide standards must be made public with ongoing 10 11 analysis on whether counties are in compliance with current 12 standards.
- Sec. 2. RCW 29A.60.160 and 2013 c 11 s 62 are each amended to 13 read as follows: 14
 - (1) The county auditor, as delegated by the county canvassing board, shall process ballots and canvass the votes cast at that primary or election on a daily basis in counties with a population of seventy-five thousand or more, or at least every third day for counties with a population of less than seventy-five thousand, if the county auditor is in possession of more than five hundred ballots that have yet to be canvassed.
- (2) Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays are not counted for 22 23 purposes of this section.
 - (3) In order to protect the secrecy of a ballot, the county auditor may use discretion to decide when to process ballots and canvass the votes.
- (4) Tabulation results must be made available to the public 27 immediately upon completion of the canvass. Records of ballots 28 counted must be made available to the public at the end of each day 29 30 that the county auditor has processed ballots during and after an election. 31
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 29A.60 33 RCW to read as follows:
- Every odd-numbered year, the secretary of state must conduct and 34 publish a statewide survey of voted ballot rejection rates and the 35 reasons for those rejections by county auditors and canvassing 36 boards. The secretary of state must collect data from reconciliation 37 reports and county auditors in order to compare county and statewide 38

averages for rates of rejected ballots and reasons for those ballots 1 being rejected. The data collected must include rejection rates and 2 reasons for rejection of voted ballots for all elections. The survey 3 must include an analysis of current practices by county auditors and 4 canvassing boards in the acceptance and rejection of ballots, and 5 6 include recommendations for improvements that minimize rejections in 7 those practices, with a goal of statewide standardization where applicable. The results must also be analyzed and compared with 8 available national data and recognized best practices. The secretary 9 of state's recommendations and reports must be made available to the 10 11 public.

> Passed by the House February 12, 2016. Passed by the Senate March 1, 2016. Approved by the Governor March 31, 2016. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 1, 2016.

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